

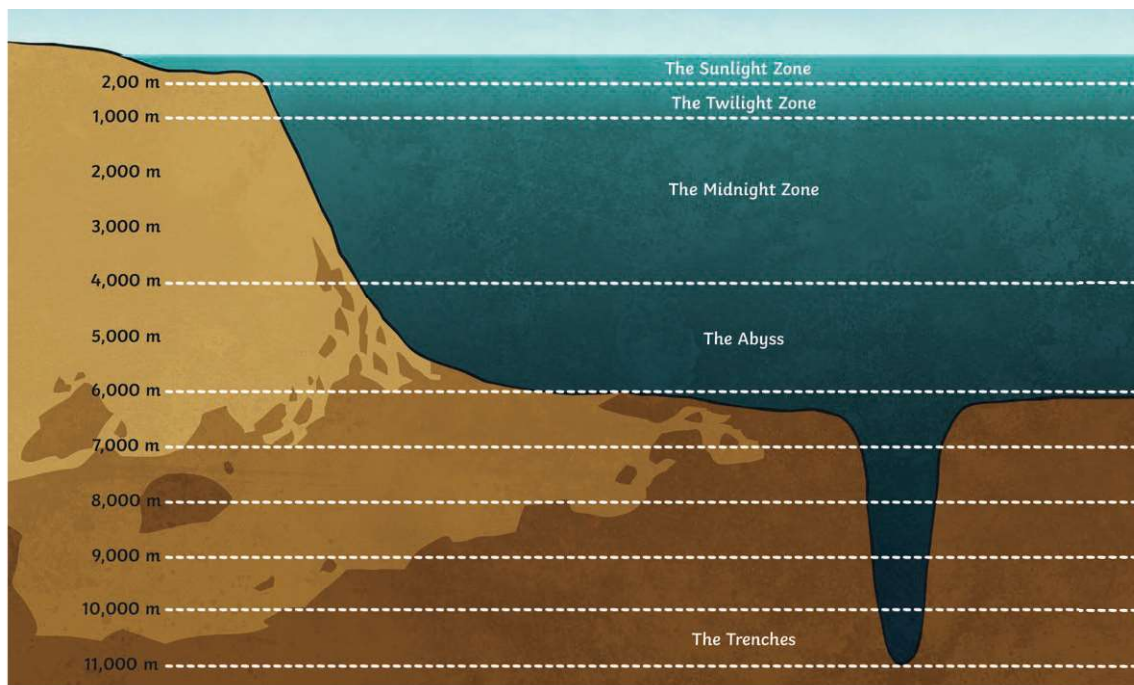
# Layers of the Ocean

Oceans cover two-thirds of our Earth. There are five main oceans which all flow into each other: the Arctic Ocean, the Atlantic Ocean, the Indian Ocean, the Pacific Ocean and the Southern or Antarctic Ocean.



## What Are the Layers of the Ocean?

Oceans are made of five layers or depths. Each layer has different characteristics, such as the temperature and the amount of light. They have unique creatures living within them.



## The Sunlight Zone – up to 200m below the surface of the ocean

There is plenty of sunlight and heat in this zone although both decrease as you go deeper. There are many different living things within this layer, including:



seaweed



dolphins



fish



coral reefs

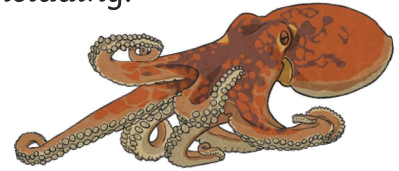
Humans enjoy this warm layer for activities such as swimming and fishing.

### The Twilight Zone – up to 1,000m below the surface of the ocean

Only faint sunrays reach this deeper layer. No plants grow within this layer. It is home to sea animals which often have large eyes, including:

- the sea cucumber;
- the swordfish;
- the wolf eel;
- the octopus.

Humans can dive to this layer wearing protective suits.



### The Midnight Zone – up to 4,000m below the surface of the ocean

The Midnight Zone is pitch-black because sunlight cannot reach this layer. Some light can be seen from creatures that make their own light, such as:

- anglerfish;
- viperfish;
- jellyfish.

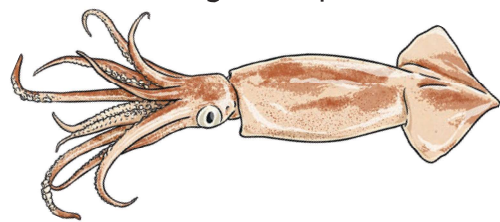


Some creatures, such as the sperm whale, dive to these depths to hunt for food.

### Abyss – up to 6,000m below the surface of the ocean

The sunlight cannot reach this layer at all so it is pitch-black and near freezing. Very few creatures live here but those that do are mainly transparent, blind invertebrates, such as:

- lanternfish;
- amphipod;
- squid



### The Trenches – up to 11,000m below the surface of the ocean

The Trenches are narrow, underwater valleys of the ocean floor which have high pressure and near-freezing temperatures. There is no natural light in this zone but different creatures can be found, such as sea stars.

#### Did You Know...?

The deepest part of the ocean ever to be explored by humans is the Mariana Trench. It is almost 11,000m deep! Specialist scientific equipment had to be used.

# Questions

1. How much of the Earth do oceans cover? Tick one.

- one-third
- two-thirds
- three-quarters
- half

2. Match each layer of the ocean to its depth below the surface.

Sunlight Zone	up to 11,000m
Midnight Zone	up to 4,000m
The Trenches	up to 200m

3. In the Sunlight Zone, what do humans enjoy doing? Tick **two**.

- diving
- fishing
- swimming
- warming up

4. Which of these is **not** a creature you might find in the Abyss? Tick one.

- sperm whale
- sea stars
- amphipod
- squid

5. Fill in the missing words in this sentence:

The Trenches are narrow, underwater \_\_\_\_\_ of the ocean floor which have high \_\_\_\_\_ and near \_\_\_\_\_ temperatures.

6. Give **two** examples of creatures found in the Midnight Zone.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

7. Which layer would you most like to visit? Give **two** reasons.

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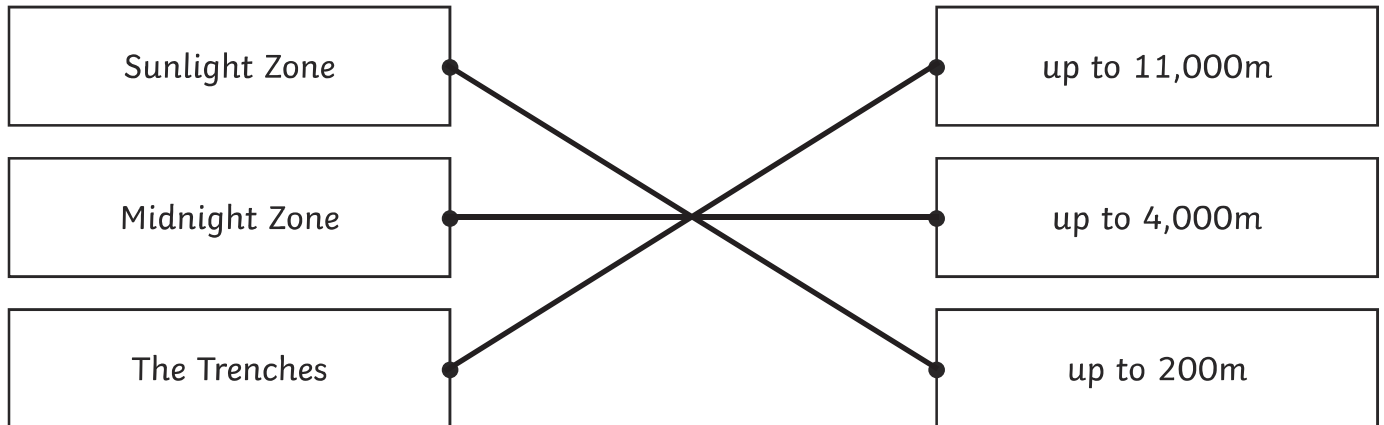
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# Answers

1. How much of the Earth do oceans cover? Tick one.

- one-third
- two-thirds**
- three-quarters
- half

2. Match each layer of the ocean to its depth below the surface.



3. In the Sunlight Zone, what do humans enjoy doing? Tick **two**.

- diving
- fishing**
- swimming**
- warming up

4. Which of these is **not** a creature you might find in the Abyss? Tick one.

- sperm whale**
- sea stars
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- squid

5. Fill in the missing words in this sentence:

The Trenches are narrow, underwater **valleys** of the ocean floor which have high **pressure** and near **freezing** temperatures.

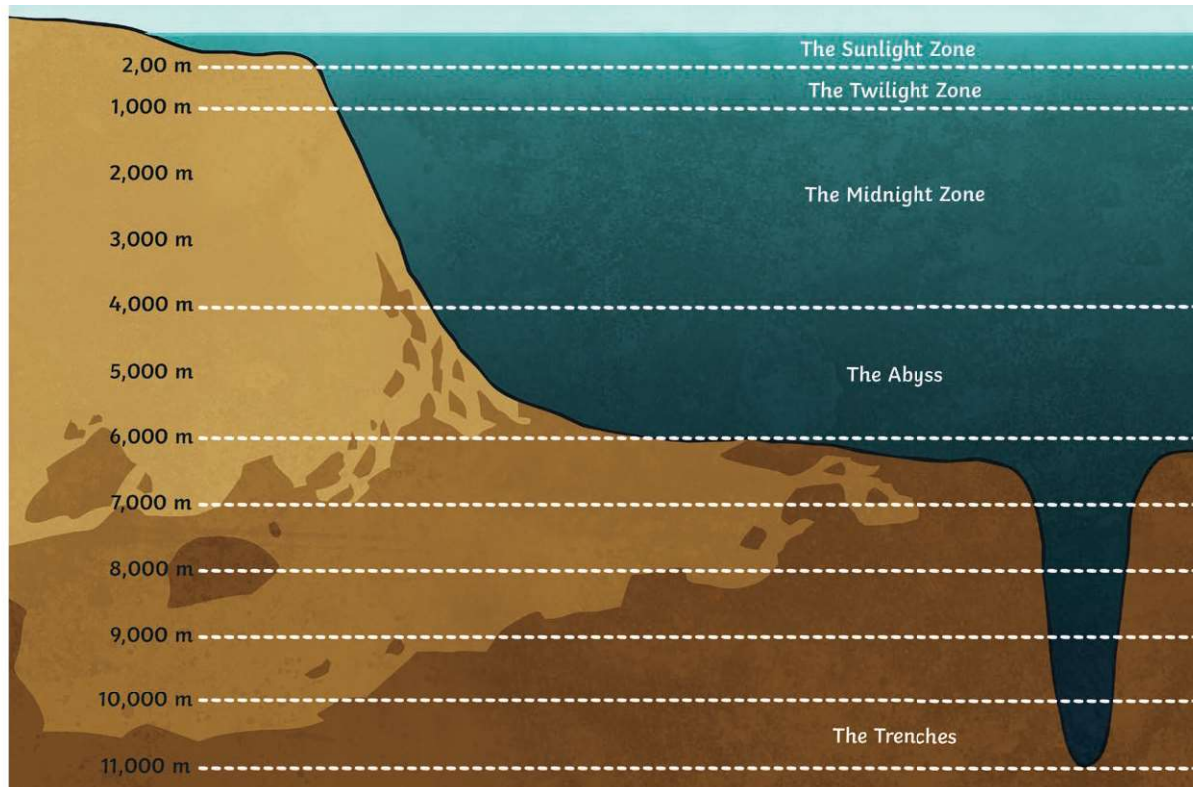
6. Give **two** examples of creatures found in the Midnight Zone.

**Accept any two of the following: anglerfish; viperfish; jellyfish.**

7. Which layer would you most like to visit? Give **two** reasons.

**Pupils' own responses, such as: I would most like to visit the Midnight Zone because I'd like to see the interesting creatures that make their own light and I think it would be fun to explore the ocean in the dark.**

# Layers of the Ocean



Oceans cover two-thirds of our Earth and there are five main oceans which all flow into each other: the Arctic Ocean, the Atlantic Ocean, the Indian Ocean, the Pacific Ocean and the Southern or Antarctic Ocean.

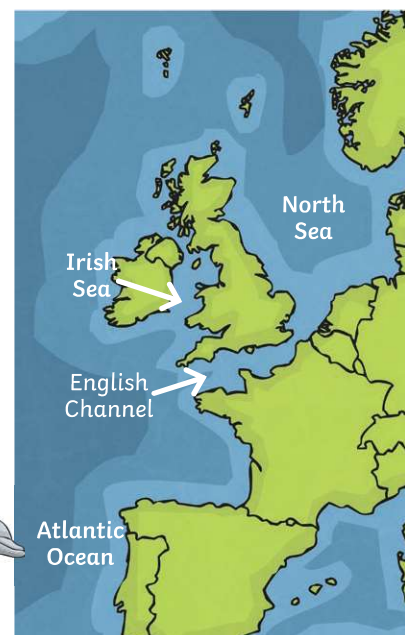
## What Are the Layers of the Ocean?

Oceans are made of five layers, or depths, which all have different characteristics, such as temperature and amount of light. They have unique creatures living within them.

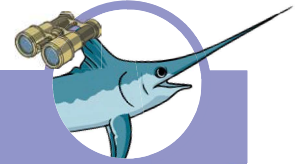


### The Sunlight Zone

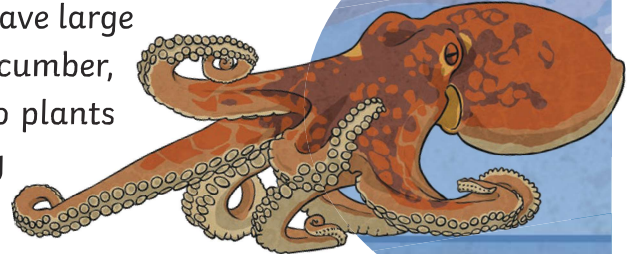
The Sunlight Zone is up to 200m below the surface of the ocean and there is plenty of sunlight and heat in this zone although these both decrease as you go deeper. There are many different living things within this layer, including seaweed, dolphins, fish and coral reefs. Humans enjoy this warm layer for activities such as swimming and fishing.



### The Twilight Zone

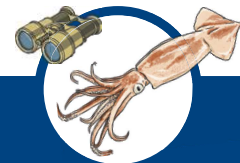


The Twilight Zone is up to 1,000m below the surface of the ocean and only faint sunrays reach this layer, making it very cold. It is home to unique sea animals, which often have large eyes to help them to see, such as the sea cucumber, the swordfish, the wolf eel and the octopus. No plants grow within this layer and humans can only dive to this layer wearing protective suits.



### The Midnight Zone

The Midnight Zone is up to 4,000m below the surface of the ocean and it is pitch-black because sunlight cannot reach this far down. Some light can be seen from the creatures that make their own light, such as anglerfish, viperfish and jellyfish. Some creatures, such as the sperm whale, dive to these depths to hunt for food.



### Abyss

The Abyss is up to 6,000m below the surface of the ocean so sunlight cannot reach this layer at all. It is pitch-black and near freezing meaning very few creatures live here. Those that do are mainly transparent, blind invertebrates, such as lanternfish, amphipods and squid.

### The Trenches

The ocean floor is made up of narrow, underwater trenches. These trenches are up to 11,000m below the surface within the ocean floor. The temperature is near freezing and there is extreme pressure. No natural light exists in this zone but different creatures can be found, such as sea stars.

#### Did You Know...?

The deepest part of the ocean ever to be explored by humans, using specialist scientific equipment, is the Mariana Trench. It is almost 11,000m deep!

# Questions

1. How many main oceans are there? Tick one.

- two
- three
- four
- five

2. Number these ocean layers in order of how deep they are, with 1 being closest to the surface.

- The Midnight Zone
- The Sunlight Zone
- The Trenches
- The Abyss
- The Twilight Zone

3. Which facts are true about the Sunlight Zone? Tick **two**.

- It is up to 1,000m below the surface of the ocean.
- There is plenty of heat.
- Humans enjoy this layer for swimming.
- There are very few creatures living here.

4. Which layer can humans explore wearing a protective suit? Tick one.

- The Sunlight Zone
- The Twilight Zone
- The Midnight Zone
- The Abyss

5. Find and copy a phrase which shows that the Abyss is very dark.

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6. What is the name of the deepest part of the ocean explored by humans?

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7. Why do some of the creatures in the Midnight Zone make their own light?

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8. Why is specialist scientific equipment needed to explore the trenches?

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# Answers

1. How many main oceans are there? Tick one.

- two
- three
- four
- five**

2. Number these ocean layers in order of how deep they are, with 1 being closest to the surface.

- 3** The Midnight Zone
- 1** The Sunlight Zone
- 5** The Trenches
- 4** The Abyss
- 2** The Twilight Zone

3. Which facts are true about the Sunlight Zone? Tick **two**.

- It is up to 1,000m below the surface of the ocean.
- There is plenty of heat.**
- Humans enjoy this layer for swimming.**
- There are very few creatures living here.

4. Which layer can humans explore wearing a protective suit? Tick one.

- The Sunlight Zone
- The Twilight Zone**
- The Midnight Zone
- The Abyss

5. Find and copy a phrase which shows that the Abyss is very dark.

**pitch-black**

6. What is the name of the deepest part of the ocean explored by humans?

**The name of the deepest part of the ocean explored by humans is the Mariana Trench.**

7. Why do some of the creatures in the Midnight Zone make their own light?

**Pupils' own responses, such as: Because it is so dark in the Midnight Zone, some creatures make their own light so that they can find food to eat.**

8. Why is specialist scientific equipment needed to explore the trenches?

**Pupils' own responses, such as: It is very cold with high pressure so humans would not be able to dive that deep without getting hurt – the specialist scientific equipment means they can explore the trenches safely.**